

1870

EXTRA
TO THE
CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1915.

THE WAR.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

TWO Y.C.S.

LONDON, Dec. 7th.

Two further awards of the Victoria Cross are gazetted.

Private Thomas Kenny, 13th Durham, one of the recipients, whilst patrolling in a fog at La Houssoie on November 4th, crawled for an hour with his lieutenant, who had been shot in the thighs, on his back, trying to find their own trenches. Though under a heavy fire, he firmly refused to leave the officer, and eventually they reached a ditch which they recognised and obtained assistance. He saved the lieutenant despite the German machine gun and rifle fire and bombs.

Corporal J. L. Dawson, R.E., the other recipient, on October 13th, at the Hohenzollern redoubt, during a British gas attack, fully exposed himself to the heaviest enemy fire in order to clear out the infantry from the gas-laden trenches. He rolled three leaking gas-cylinders into the open, and fired bullets into them, letting the gas escape. He thus saved many from being gassed.

MILITARY HOSPITAL PROVIDED BY MALAY STATES.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

A Military Hospital of eighty beds has been established at Blackmore-end, Hertis, under Captain Freer, formerly senior medical officer of Selangor, the funds being provided by the Malay States.

A New York message to the "Asahi" states that recently, while the Belgian Crown Prince was proceeding from Etan to London, a bomb dropped from a Zeppelin fell 180 feet away from where the Prince stood. He was struck by a bomb splinter and received a slight injury to his arm.

THE HUNGHOM MURDER CHARGE.

(Continued from page 4.)

Detective Goble spoke to arresting the defendants at 30, Kowloon City Road, and to taking the various exhibits. When he arrested the defendants they were both sitting on the bed.

Inspector Lamont stated that on Nov. 18 he went to the field where he found the body of the deceased in charge of an Indian constable. The body was lying face downwards and was quite cold. It was dressed in a blue serge jacket, black satin waistcoat, a green cotton shirt, grey flannel trousers, white cotton drawers, and white canvas shoes. A wrist watch, attached to the left wrist, had stopped at 11.40. The turban was missing and the hair was undone. The right side of the trousers and coat were stained with a reddish mud, which was of a different colour to the soil of the field. The mud was dry. There were no marks of a struggle in the field. A rope ten feet in length was round the neck, knotted behind. On the left side the skin was adhering to the rope, but at the back it was possible to pass the fingers beneath the rope. Witness turned over the body and saw a wound behind the right eyebrow. There were also bruises on the back. On the body he found a purse containing a silver dollar, ten 10-cent pieces and nine copper cents. There were a pair of silver sleeve links in the shirt and also a bunch of keys and a police whistle. He identified the body as that of a man Singh, a witness at the cement works. Together with the last witness he visited No. 30, Kowloon City Road, where he found the first floor had been newly washed, the boards being still wet. Some clothing had also just been washed and was hung up to dry, including a pair of braces. Outside the house he noticed that the mortar of the back window sill had been recently broken, some of it being on the ground. There were two small marks, apparently made by a rope, in the mortar, which fitted the rope found round the neck of the deceased. On the ledge underneath the window were two stains, apparently of blood. Two hairs were adhering to the blood. On the following day he went to the field where the body was found and discovered a boot mark on the bank at his side. The left boot of the first defendant gave a similar impression and fitted the mark. On Nov. 20th, when the floor had dried, he again examined the house and between the beds he found a stain about twelve inches round on the flooring. In the box of the deceased he found a photograph of the deceased and the first defendant's wife, also two gold rings and three silk handkerchiefs. One of the rings and the handkerchiefs had been claimed by the woman. There was also a letter to the deceased from a person of the same name as the first defendant's wife. The case was adjourned.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Col. A.

Chapman, V.D.

FIELD OPERATIONS.

The following will be exercised in field operations on the date named:—
December 12:—Artillery Battery, Right and Left Sections M.G. Company and Civil Service Company.

PARADES.

Parades for Thursday, 9th instant, all at 5.15 p.m.

The following recruits:—Ptes. J. D. Wright, R. A. Brind, W. Ross, H. G. H. Griffith and J. Martin (Scouts Co.) and G. T. May (Civil Service Co.) Musketry Instruction on Kennedy Road. Range. Corpl. Grimes R.E. will attend. Service rifles to be carried.

Recruits of Right Section, M.G. Co.—Squad Drill and Musketry exercises at Headquarters.

Recruits of all units (except Right Sec. M. G. Co. and Signalling Section)—Squad Drill and Musketry exercises at Headquarters under Sergeant-Major Rigby and Sergeant Dorby.

DETAILS.

Gun Club Hill, Kowloon:—
On duty until morning of 13th instant—
H. K. V. R.
P. of W. Camp, Kowloon:—
On duty until morning of 13th instant—
H. K. V. R.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

COMMENDATION.

General Order No 21 read:—"Crown Sergeant Wong Kwong Tin is highly commended by the Marine Magistrate for his intelligent action in a steam launch overcrowding case."

MUSKETRY.

Platoon Commanders having men requiring instructions in the use of the Service Rifle prior to firing on Saturday, Dec. 11th, will warn same to report to the Musketry Inspector on Thursday, Dec 9th, at 5.30 p.m. at "Central".

CENTRAL POLICE STATION CANTERS.

On and from this date, Platoon Commanders will receive from this office on or before the 5th of every month particulars of accounts owing by their men for the preceding month. Accounts owing by the Staff, Company Inspectors, etc., will be similarly managed by the Sergeant-Major.

Members must not sign their Collar or Armlet numbers. Accounts are reported owing by members who have signed the following numbers:—7, 29, 67, 78, 100, 104, 119, 120, 121, 122, 132, 141, 151, 160, and 170. These accounts must be settled on or before December 15th.

(Sgd.) F. C. JENKIN,
D.S.P. (Reserve).

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Hughes and Hough
 Auctioneers to the Government
 and Admiralty.
 General Auctioneers
 AND
 Share, Coal and
 General Brokers.
 PROPRIETORS
 "TO-KWA-WAN"
 COAL STORAGE.

Codes used
 A.B.C. 4th & 5th Editions.
 All Telegrams Code.

Telegraphic Address
 MEIRION HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction.
 (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

THURSDAY,

the 9th December, 1915, at 11 a.m.,
 at No. 9, Mountain View,
 The Peak.

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
 FURNITURE,
 therein contained.

Comprising:—
 Large Oak Sideboard, Dinner Wagon,
 Cabinet, Extension Table, and Chairs
 etc. (Practically New), Double and Single
 Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Toilet Table,
 Washstands, etc., Bathroom and Pantry
 Crenels, Rattan Furniture, Electric
 Fittings, Aluminium Cooking Utensils,
 Pains to Pubs. Porcelain Stands, etc.,
 And
 Piano by Collard and Collard in good
 condition.
 (Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
 On view day of sale.
 Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
 Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Dec. 7, 1915. 1029

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
 (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

SATURDAY,

the 11th December, 1915, at 10.45 a.m.,
 at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
 Des Vaux Road, Corner of
 Ice House Street.

A QUANTITY OF
 VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
 FURNITURE,
 (Removed to Sale Rooms for convenience
 of sale).

Comprising:—
 2 Sideboards by Powell, Dinner Wagon,
 Dining Table and Chairs, 2 Chesterfield
 Sofas, Armchairs, etc., Wardrobe and
 Toilet Table, Double and Single Bedsteads,
 and Miscellaneous Furniture, several
 lots of Blackwood Ware, One Set Saddlery
 (complete), 2 large Carpets and several
 Pianos.
 (Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
 Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
 Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Dec. 4, 1915. 1033

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell at their Sales Rooms,
 No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice
 House Street.

ONE PERAMBULATOR,
 PRACTICALLY NEW,
 Apply to the Undersigned.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
 Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Nov. 29, 1915. 1016

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell at their Sales Rooms,
 No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice
 House Street.

One Piano by Broadwood & Sons (good
 condition),
 One "by Collard & Collard, good
 condition,
 One "by Brunswick & Son, good
 condition,
 One "by Montague & Weston, good
 condition,
 Two Boudoir Grand Pianos by Broadwood
 & Sons,
 Piano by Koch & Bohne,
 Piano by Weindelmüller.
 Apply to the Undersigned.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
 Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Nov. 30, 1915. 1020

ALEXANDRA CAFE

OYSTERS—Fresh, Fried or Steamed.
 Pindon Haddicks, Kippers, &c.

ENTERTAINMENT.

VICTORIA THEATRE

WEDNESDAY 8th

AND
 For Three Nights.

THE GREAT
 INDIAN AND U.S. WARS
 WITH CHIEF HAILSTROM
 REAL CHEROKEE INDIAN
 IN HIS
 FAMOUS WAR SONGS AND DANCES.

Saturday 11th.

THE GREAT EXCLUSIVE FILM
 JOAN OF ARC.

INTIMATIONS

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF
CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an
 EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL
 MEETING of the Union Insurance Society
 of Canton, Limited, will be held at the
 Head Office of the Society, No. 2 Queen's
 Buildings, Ice House Street, Victoria,
 in the Colony of Hongkong, on MONDAY
 the 13th day of December, 1915, at 11 o'clock
 in the forenoon when the subject of
 Resolutions which were passed at Extra-
 ordinary Meetings of the said Society held
 on the 4th day of December, 1915, will be
 submitted for confirmation as Special
 Resolutions:

1. "That the Capital of the Society be
 increased to \$4,000,000 (Four
 million Dollars) by the creation of
 3,600 (Three thousand six hundred)
 additional ordinary shares of \$500
 each (whereof \$100 (One hundred)
 Dollars) shall be credited as paid
 up ranking for dividend and in all
 other respects a *pari passu* with the
 existing ordinary shares of the
 Society; and that the said addi-
 tional shares, so far as shall be
 necessary for the purpose, be issued
 to those Shareholders of the Society
 who have accepted or shall accept
 the Society's offer made to them on
 the 4th day of August, 1915—such
 issue being in accordance with the
 terms of a contract or memorandum
 in writing made or to be made
 pursuant to the said offer and to be
 filed with the Registrar of Companies;
 and that the balance (if
 any) of the said additional shares
 be disposed of by the Society's
 Board of Directors in such manner
 as such Board shall think most
 beneficial to the Society."

2. "That Article No. 9 of the Society's
 Articles of Association which now
 reads:—
 'The Society shall have a first
 and paramount lien upon all the
 shares registered in the name of
 each shareholder (whether solely
 or jointly with others) and upon
 the proceeds of sale thereof, for
 the payment, fulfilment or
 discharge thereof, shall be
 actually arrived or not, and
 no equitable interest in any share
 shall be created except upon the
 footing and condition that Clause
 33A hereof is to have full effect.
 And such a share shall extend to all
 dividends, from time to time
 declared in respect of such share-
 hold."

3. "That the heading of Article No. 33A
 of the Society's Articles of Association
 reading:—'The Secretary' be altered
 so as to read: 'The General
 Manager'; and that in the last
 mentioned Article (Nos. 34 to 39
 inclusive) wherever the word
 'Secretary' appears such word be
 eliminated and that in lieu thereof
 the words 'General Manager' be
 inserted."

4. "That in the following Articles
 of the Society's Articles of Association,
 viz:—Articles Nos. 2,
 7, 25, 36, 45, 47, 53, 55, 84, 94,
 103 and 122 the word 'Secretary'
 wherever it occurs be eliminated
 and that in lieu thereof the words
 'General Manager' be inserted."

5. "That after Article No. 34 of the
 Society's Articles of Association
 the following new Article be inserted
 as Article No. 34A:—
 34A 'Save as herein otherwise provided
 the Society shall be entitled to
 treat the registered holder of any
 share as the absolute owner thereof,
 and accordingly shall not
 be bound to recognize any equitable or other
 claim to or interest in such share
 on the part of any other person,
 firm, Company or Corporation."

6. "That the heading of Article No. 95
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CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an
 EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL
 MEETING of the China Traders' Insur-
 ance Company, Limited, will be held at
 the Head Office of the Company No. 2
 Queen's Buildings, Ice House Street,
 Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, on
 MONDAY the 13th day of December,
 1915 at 11.15 o'clock in the forenoon when
 the subject of Resolutions which were
 passed at Extraordinary Meetings of the
 said Company held on the 4th December, 1915
 will be submitted for confirmation as
 Special Resolutions:

1. "That Article No. 9 of the Company's
 Articles of Association which now
 reads:—
 'The Company shall have a first
 and paramount lien upon all the
 shares due to the Company either
 from him alone or jointly with
 any other person, and where a
 share is held by more persons
 than one the Company shall have
 a lien thereon in respect of all
 monies so due to it from all or
 any of the holders thereof.'

2. "That in lieu thereof the following
 new Article be inserted as Article
 No. 9:—
 'The Company shall have a first
 and paramount lien upon all the
 shares registered in the name of
 each shareholder (whether solely
 or jointly with others) and upon
 the proceeds of sale thereof, for
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 And such a share shall extend to all
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3. "That the heading of Article No. 33A
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 to 100 (inclusive) of the Company's
 Articles of Association reading: 'The
 Secretary' be altered so as to read
 'The General Manager'; and that in
 the last mentioned Article (Nos.
 93 to 100 inclusive) wherever the
 word 'Secretary' appears such word
 be eliminated and that in lieu thereof
 the words 'General Manager' be
 inserted."

22. "That in the following Articles
 of the Company's Articles of Association,
 viz:—Articles Nos. 2,
 7, 25, 36, 45, 47, 53, 55, 84, 94,
 103 and 122 the word 'Secretary'
 wherever it occurs be eliminated
 and that in lieu thereof the words
 'General Manager' be inserted."

23. "That after Article No. 34 of the
 Company's Articles of Association
 the following new Article be inserted
 as Article No. 34A:—
 34A 'Save as herein otherwise provided
 the Company shall be entitled to
 treat the registered holder of any
 share as the absolute owner thereof,
 and accordingly shall not
 be bound to recognize any equitable or other
 claim to or interest in such share
 on the part of any other person,
 firm, Company or Corporation."

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 to 100 (inclusive) of the Company's
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 firm, Company or Corporation."

27. "That the heading of Article No. 95
 to 100 (inclusive) of the Company's
 Articles of Association reading: 'The
 Secretary' be altered so as to read
 'The General Manager'; and that in

DEWAR'S SCOTCH WHISKY.

THE WHISKY OF OUR FOREFATHERS

THE WHISKY OF TO-DAY

SOLE AGENTS

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS

WM.
POWELL
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NEW STOCKS

OF
BLANKETS

AND
DOWN
QUILTS

FOR
SINGLE
AND
DOUBLE BEDS
AND
CRIBS.

THE DIARY.

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

11 a.m.—Auction of Household Furniture at No. 5, Mountain View, Peak.
5 p.m.—St. Francis School Prize Giving.
6 p.m.—Lecture by Mr. T. A. Carvalho in St. Joseph's College Hall.

General Memoranda.

FRIDAY, December 10.—
4 p.m.—General Meeting of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce.

SATURDAY, Dec. 11.—
10.45 a.m.—Auction of Valuable Household Furniture at Messrs. Hulse and Hough's.
8 p.m.—H.K. Yacht Club's "Ladies' Day."

MONDAY, Dec. 13.—
Noon.—Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co's Meeting.

TUESDAY, Dec. 14.—
Prince Albert's Birthday (1895).
6 p.m.—Lecture by Mr. P. Ingia in St. Joseph's College Hall.

THURSDAY, Dec. 16.—
11 a.m.—Extraordinary General Meeting of the Union Insurance Society of Canton Ltd.
11.15 a.m.—Extraordinary General Meeting of the China Traders Insurance Co., Ltd.
8.30 p.m.—Organ Recital at St. John's Cathedral.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, Dec. 8, 1915.

THE NEED FOR NATIONAL ECONOMY.

That the need for rigid economy has been forced upon all of the belligerents has been manifested in many ways almost since the outbreak of the war. The unpremeditated enormities of the expenditure that each nation engaged in the conflict early recognized that its continuation in the struggle could be done only at the expense of an enormous outlay of money—to be borne upon its own shoulders and upon the shoulders of each nation's immediate posterity. Hence the necessity of the leaders of the respective belligerents emphasizing the importance of their fellow-countrymen exercising the most rigorous economy, for it is obvious that the more the public consume the more they have to pay. If the payment were confined within each nation's borders the necessity for economy would not be apparent, but, as is well-known, the payment for the bulk of the commodities used in the United Kingdom, in France and in Germany goes out of the country in these days of wide ramifications of commerce. Commodities are of course—particularly in the case of the commerce of the United Kingdom—not always paid in actual money, but in services rendered in return. Notwithstanding this the necessity has been felt in the United Kingdom almost since the beginning of the war that the most prudent course would be to husband the national resources to the utmost. Hence the warnings that have from time to time been uttered by the Chancellor of the Exchequer and other British statesmen. It is obvious that the more money is retained in the country the more will there be for the purposes of the war.

Now, it seems to us that while it is desirable that a reasonable restriction should be placed upon the nation's consumption of commodities from abroad, it is even more important that direct retrenchment should be effected where the Nation's treasury is directly tapped; in other words, that the remuneration of all Government officials should be subject to a revision such as is called for by the changed conditions of the times. Why should public servants be remunerated during war-time as in the "piping times of peace"? Obviously, they should be paid according to the nation's revenue, and if that revenue decreases so ought the salaries of at least the higher paid officials. It is unfortunate that at a time when such a step is necessary that the officials most likely to be affected by the change are most likely to be doing more for their remuneration than in normal times. The point we wish to emphasize is that as Government officials are almost invariably much overpaid their salaries should be reduced when, as at present, the necessity has arisen for national economy. Apropos of this we were glad to read

in one of the telegrams printed in our yesterday's issue, that "The Government is contemplating the reduction of their own salaries, those of Members of the House of Commons and of political pensioners by one-third." We heartily agree with Mr. Birrell, who is reported to have stated in the course of a speech at Bristol, that "Members of the Cabinet and Members of the House of Commons ought to set an example in economy." Of course they should. By whom should examples be set? We therefore sincerely hope that the salaries of all public servants—whether known as Government officials or by any other name and whether at home or abroad should be sensibly reduced, as it is scandalous that in these times when the nation's revenue has considerably decreased that public officials' salaries should continue to be based on scales that prevailed in times of peace and normality.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A Chinese was fined \$5 or 14 days by Mr. Hazell for sending by air-mail an uncancelled letter into the Colony.

Charles Henry Davies, alias James Ryan, charged before Mr. Lindell this morning with being a vagrant and with disobeying a deportation order, was sent to the House of Detention.

A Chinese charged before Mr. Hazell this morning by Inspector Sim with defrauding the Hongkong Tramway Company was remanded in bail of \$250. Mr. H. R. Haywood appeared for the defence.

"She made a desperate attempt to get out of the charge room this morning," said Inspector Gordon at the Police Court in a Chinese woman charged with exporting 8 tacks of opium at Kowloon Railway Station. Mr. Hazell, fined her \$350 or two months' imprisonment.

The distribution of prizes won by the scholars attending St. Francis School will take place at the headquarters of the Catholic Women's League (St. Patrick's Hall, Garden Road) at 5 p.m. Mr. E. Halpin, Inspector of English Schools, will make the presentation.

A Chinese woman who, on being searched at the Kowloon Railway Station was found with opium in a handkerchief, said it was "medicine plaster." Defendant said she was only repeating what a friend had told her, and Inspector Gordon said it was quite possible she had been "taken in." The woman was discharged.

The death occurred yesterday evening at the Matilda Hospital of Mrs. Jane Doherty, wife of Mr. Robert Howard, proprietor of the Alexandra Cafe. Mrs. Howard, who formerly conducted the business of the cafe, had been in delicate health for some time and three days ago she was removed from her room at the Central Chambers to the Matilda Hospital. During her illness she had been attended by Dr. Steadman. She was only 43 years of age, and had many friends among whom she was highly respected. The funeral took place this evening at Happy Valley. We understand that the cafe business will be continued as usual and that Mrs. C. Clegg, who has been lately connected with the business has applied for a renewal of the license from the Licensing Board. The cafe was closed this afternoon, during the funeral ceremony.

THE VACANCY ON THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Messrs. Percy H. Holyoak and John W. C. Donnan, members of the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce, have both been proposed and seconded for nomination as the Chamber's representative on the Legislative Council.

BIG OPIUM HAULS.

Smart Capture This Morning.
Big seizures of opium were made by the water police about 5 this morning. A party of the water police under an European constable were watching the s.s. Antioch, of the Blue Funnel line, when they noticed a sampan leaving the ship's side. They gave chase and the crew of the sampan left it jumped into the water. The sampan was seized and in it was discovered 312 lbs of loose opium. The police managed to get hold of one of crew of the sampan, the others, apparently, all good swimmers, getting away and escaping. About the same time another party of police discovered on the deck of the s.s. Antioch 100 lbs of loose opium and 138 tacks of prepared opium.
At the Police Court today, Inspector Gordon, of the water police, asked Mr. Hazell to make an order for the confiscation of the opium, and his Worship ordered notice to be posted for a week at the Harbour Office, the Water Police station, and H.M. Wharf.

UNNECESSARY WORDS.

WHY waste words and advertising space in describing the many points of merit in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy? The most fastidious are satisfied when we state that it cures colds and coughs from any cause, and that it contains absolutely no narcotics or injurious substances. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

WATCHING THE GERMAN IN THE TREATY PORTS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

LONDON, Dec. 6.
In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Gresham Stewart, who urged the occupation of German Concessions in the Treaty Ports, Sir Edward Grey, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said that he was watching the danger of a German conspiracy in China. He added that it was undesirable to say more at present.

MURDER AT HUNG HOM.

Two Indians Charged.

Two Indians named Ghyane Singh and Bela Singh were charged before Mr. Lindell this morning with the murder of another Indian named Anant Singh. Mr. G. N. O. M., of the Crown Solicitor's office, appeared for the prosecution. Mr. O. M. said that the case, said that a "cold murder" occurred at Hung Hom on the night of Nov. 15. Defendant Singh, employed as watchman, one at the Hung Hom and the other at the Cement Works at Hoi K. Evidence would be given that the deceased was on intimate terms with the first defendant's wife, whose brother was the second defendant. The first man had remonstrated with his wife about the intimacy, and had beaten her. In consequence of this assault she went to her husband, where she was visiting by her husband and the deceased. On Nov. 15 deceased and the first man were at work at the Cement Works. The second defendant was not seen between Saturday and Monday, Nov. 13 and 15, but on Monday he was seen at the Works in company with the deceased, and at 4 o'clock they were seen to proceed in the direction of the house in which defendant lived. At about midnight it was found that the deceased had not returned to the works and enquiries began to be made. In the morning a report was made at the Police Station. At about 11 o'clock the detective stationed at Hung Hom presented a "cold" behind some houses near the Kowloon City Road, close to Hoi K. Village, and there he found the body of the deceased. Inspector Lamont also went there and took charge of the body. He then went to the house, No. 30, Kowloon City Road. On examining it he found certain traces which seemed to bear on the offence. Between two beds, which were the only furniture, on the floor were some blood stains. Outside the door had been scratched away, and a piece of rope found round the deceased's neck was found to fit in the marks. To the opinion of the Inspector was first drawn to the appearance of the plaster as the house had recently been done up. There were also some stains on the plaster which proved to be blood.

In reply to his Worship, Mr. Orme said the field in which the body of the deceased was found was about 100 yards from the house. Between the house and the field one footprint was found into which one of the boots worn by the first defendant was subsequently fitted. Appraisances showed that the deceased had been strangled. There was no direct evidence as to the time or circumstances of the murder. On being charged the prisoners, both made statements in which they were quite frank that the cause of the death of the deceased "was the intimacy between him and the first defendant's wife against which they had both protested."

The deceased, added Mr. Orme, was supposed to have been killed in the house, let down by the rope, and then carried to the field where the footprint was afterwards found.
Dr. Woodman gave evidence as to the cause of death being strangulation. There were two cuts on the head, and rope marks on the left side of the neck and on the shoulder.
Answering questions, the doctor said if the rope had been tugged and the man had fallen over, it would have caused death.
Dr. MacFarlane gave evidence of finding blood on a piece of rope, various articles of clothing, parts of a bedstead, and on a piece of flooring.
(Continued on Extra.)

A BIG BATCH OF DEFENDANTS.
Sixty-one Chinese, most of them wearing queues, and apparently better acquainted with their ages than their names, were charged before Mr. Lindell this morning with disorderly conduct, under the s.s. Sui Fung, running from Hongkong to Suoi Mei. They had to be taken in three batches, much time being occupied in getting the men into order. One man when asked his name said he was 26 years of age. Defendant said he did not make a noise but when they had got the charge aboard the police wanted them to go ashore. They refused to do this as they would have lost all their goods.
A representative of the owners, the Fok Hot Company, 81, Connaught Road, told his Worship that when the ship arrived at the wharf the defendants went aboard. The ship was going into the dock so he told the defendants to leave the ship but they refused to do so.
Detective Shannon said that there were about 150 people on the ship and about 250 on the wharf. The captain, owner and watchman went round shouting to them to go ashore. With another constable and four lancers they got the people off having practically driven them off.
Mr. Lindell discharged three defendants who had spent a night in the cells. Other defendants who had been released on bail had their bail of \$5 estreated.

Reuter's correspondent at Shanghai reported to London that the revolutionary outbreak at Shanghai proved a great fiasco. The rebel leaders aboard the "Chao-wo" fled when the loyal ships opened fire on them. The "Chao-wo" was held in the bow, and her bridge was set on fire. Four men were killed and five wounded on the ship. The disturbances in the suburbs were suppressed with but few casualties.

SPORTING.

CRICKET.

The following will represent the Reserves and Volunteers against the Scouts Company in the match to be played on the H.K.C.C. ground next Saturday, play commencing at 2 p.m.—R. Ansell (Capt.), R. E. O. Bird, D. E. Donnelly, H. Hancock, A. R. Lowe, K. R. Maca-Kill, T. E. Pearce, C. Savern, F. Sutton, R. P. Thursfield and R. C. Witchell.

FOOTBALL.

Boxing Day's Attraction.

The following teams were chosen at a meeting of the Selection Committee last night to represent the Military and the Rest of the Colony in an exhibition game in aid of the Tobacco Fund for Troops at the Front. The match will be played on the Hongkong F. C.'s ground on Boxing Day, kick-off at 3 p.m.

Military—Rogers (R.E.), goal; Caple (R.G.A.) and Conon (R.E.), (Captain), backs; Lovelock (R.G.A.), right half; Williams (K.S.L.T.), centre half; Townsend (R.G.A.), left half; Shakespear (R.G.A.) and Townsend (R.E.), right wing; Davies (A.O.C.), centre-forward; Swan (R.G.A.) and A. N. Other (left wing), Reserves—K.S.L.T. right back and Smith (R.E.).
The Rest—Card (Navy), goal; Fenner (Navy), right back, and F. W. Black (Hongkong), left back; Rowbottom (Navy), right half; J. Stewart (Hongkong), centre half; P. R. Chasela (Hongkong), left half; Hoppen (Navy), and J. Stalker (Hongkong), Captain, right wing; W. V. Pennell (Hongkong), centre-forward; H. McTavish (Hongkong) and J. R. G. (Hongkong), Martin (Navy), and M. L. Bailton (Hongkong).
Referee—Mr. F. W. Wright, Linesmen, Mr. W. F. Knapton and Gunner Payne.

A GUNNER IN TROUBLE.

Ralph Crawford, a gunner in the R.G.A., was charged before Mr. Hazell this morning with the larceny of \$10 from the Palace Hotel, Kowloon.

Inspector Gordon said that defendant was in the Palace Hotel, Kowloon, about midnight, when the hotel was being closed the boy in charge of the public bar took the cash-box from the bar and put it on a ledge on a sideboard near the entrance to the lavatory, the key with it. He went over to the far side of the room to tell two men that it was time to go. He alleged that defendant was the only one left. He did not actually see the defendant take the box, but he saw it had gone, and he rushed into the lavatory after defendant. The box was then on a small rattan table four or five paces from where it was originally. Defendant found that two \$5 bills of 10-cent pieces were missing. Defendant was going along to the private saloon and the boy followed him and accused him of taking the money. Defendant denied it, there was a bulabuloo and the police were called in. Defendant was searched in the bar and on his person was found \$10 in 10-cent pieces, while the boy alleged that this amount was missing from the box.
Corroborative evidence was then given by the boy.
In answer to his Worship, Inspector Gordon said no paper was found on defendant.

Mr. Hazell said that the paper in which the rolls of money were wrapped up must have been got rid of somehow.
Police Constable Wells said the defendant told him it was his month's money, and said they paid it out in small amounts. He said he was at the station he said "You can square them all right."
Defendant denied saying the words.
The case was adjourned.

BRITISH RED CROSS DAY.

The Canton Fete.
We have been requested to give publicity to the attached accounts of a Canton Fete and Cinematograph entertainment at Canton on October 21st last.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.	
Admissions	\$20.00
Raffles	168.70
Subscription List	707.00
Cocoonist Shy	210.50
Auctions	497.00
Programmes	312.30
Bar	57.30
Shooting Gallery	23.95
Clock Golf	17.00
Sweets Stall	68.00
Work Stall	240.60
Tot Hat Shy	131.10
Toss and Toss	92.70
Man in the Tub	619.65
Collected by Messrs. Belsey and Crooke (evening)	75.25
Children's Day	27.00
Collected by Capt. Mackinnon (a.s. "Kinshad")	49.40
	\$3,340.03
Less:	
Expenses	\$87.90
Loss on Sub-com.	80.65
	118.55
Total	\$3,221.48
\$200 remitted to British Red Cross Society at 1/10	3,101.13
Balance in hand	\$40.27

The cordial thanks of the organisers are due to numerous firms in Canton and Hongkong who supplied goods and gave their services free of charge.

WHOPPING COUGH.

WHEN your child has whooping cough be careful to keep the cough loose and expectoration easy by giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as may be required. This remedy will "loosen" the cough mucus and make it easier to expectorate. It has been used successfully in many epidemics and as it contains no narcotic or other injurious substances it is perfectly safe. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

THE WAR.

TODAY'S TELEGRAMS

(Our Service to the China Mail.)

GERMANY'S PEACE TERMS.

NEW VERSION.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

A telegram from New York states that Mr. W. J. Bryan in a manifesto urges President Wilson to mediate immediately.

Simultaneously, a new version of Germany's peace terms is published in New York, namely:—

- 1.—That Germany shall have full power in the Balkans ensuring a road to Constantinople and Asia Minor, and a place in the sun independent of British sea power.
- 2.—The control of Constantinople, and the power to civilise Turkey.
- 3.—The establishment of buffer States between Germany and Russia, including the new Kingdom of Poland.
- 4.—The strengthening of Rumania by the addition of Bessarabia.
- 5.—The restoration of the old boundaries on the West, with complete freedom for Belgium and a slight Alsatian concession to France.

BRITISH WAR FINANCE.

INCREASE OF GOLD COIN IN BRITISH BANKS.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

Reports which have been in circulation regarding a projected forced loan are authoritatively denied as inaccurate.

It is stated that a section of the Cabinet is strongly opposed to a reduction of Ministerial salaries.

The Government is considering the establishment of a Board of Control to scrutinise war expenditure and has asked the War Office and the Admiralty to co-operate.

Mr. McKenna, Chancellor of the Exchequer, stated in the House of Commons that the amount of gold coin in the British Banks was £92,000,000 on June 30th, 1914; and £110,000,000 on June 30th, 1915. (Cheers.) He estimated the gold coin held by the public on the respective dates as £78,000,000 and £73,000,000.

THE SITUATION IN PERSIA.

DISCUSSION IN THE LORDS.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

In the House of Lords, Lord Bryce drew attention to the position of affairs in the Persian Gulf, and demanded the most drastic action by Great Britain and Russia. His Lordship hoped it would be found possible to deal gently with the "tail fabric of the Persian monarchy."

Lord Crowe said he desired to correct a misapprehension to the effect that General Townshend had only a division, because he had additional troops of infantry and cavalry, which were considered by competent authorities as sufficient for the task. This was no rash adventure of dubious strength and neither could the charge be brought against the leadership, while the troops had behaved splendidly. The task, however, was bigger than was anticipated. His Lordship dwelt on Turco-German bribery and corruption in Afghanistan and Arabia and of the efforts made to force Persia against the Allies. His Lordship emphasised that the Swedish Government was in no way involved in the question of the Persian Gendarmerie. Lord Crowe concluded by stating that the presence of Russian and British troops in Persia was designed to support her independence. The Allies were prepared to continue financial assistance and also to help Persia to create a Defence Force instead of a Gendarmerie. His Lordship hoped that the young Persian sovereign would later rule a well-governed country.

KING CONSTANTINE INTERVIEWED.

CANDID EXPLANATION.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

The Athens correspondent of The Times has been received in audience by King Constantine.

His Majesty said he was deeply grieved by the attacks made upon him and the suspicious cast upon his intentions. He was bound to keep Greece clear of disaster; hence neutrality was essential. The pitiable condition of Belgium was always before his eyes, and he would only consent to fight if the mortal existence of Greece were threatened or the certainty of victory was such that the rewards would justify the sacrifices. To suggest that Greece was capable of treachery to England and France was an insult. The King complained of the indefiniteness of the Allies' policy in the Balkans and said the Greco-Serbian Treaty only contemplated an attack by Bulgaria. His Majesty emphatically denied the existence of a Greco-Bulgarian Treaty.

His Majesty said: "We replied to the Allies' demands by giving the most solemn assurances that nothing detrimental to the Allies need be feared from Greece, but, before we can absolutely bind ourselves to a fixed and irrevocable programme, we are desirous of knowing the Allies' programme. In reply we are told that no fixed programme has been decided upon."

The King asked of Greece could justifiably be invited to remove her troops to other districts so long as the Allies were undecided whether they would occupy the evacuated region? Greece must know the definite plans of the Allies, though she will not abandon her neutrality whatever these plans may be.

King Constantine expressed gratitude for the visits of Lord Kitchener and Mr. Denys-Cochin. His discussion with them had dispensed many clouds. The Times, commenting on King Constantine's statement, says it is marked by praiseworthy candour, but it is not easy to reconcile his assertion that Greece would never abandon her neutrality.

ANOTHER INTERVIEW WITH THE KING.

A New York telegram says that King Constantine, in an interview with the representative of the Associated Press of America, said he had personally given his word that Greek troops would not attack the Allies. His Majesty emphasised that if the Entente assure him that if their forces are driven back into Greece they will re-embark and consider the Balkan campaign at an end, he will guarantee them the protection of the whole Greek Army against Teutonic attack whilst embarking. He would not do more than that and would not withdraw his troops from Salonika and the frontiers. He would not permit Greece to be forced or coaxed out of her neutrality.

RUSSIAN BUDGET DELAYED.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 7.

The reassembling of the Duma has been further postponed until the Budget for 1916 is ready.

The Financial Commissions, owing to war conditions, have been unable to complete their labours within the legal time.

M. Khvoctoff has been appointed Minister of the Interior.

RUSSIA'S 1917 RECRUITS TO BE CALLED OUT.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 7.

Russia has called out her 1917 recruits for 1916.

PLOTS AND CONSPIRACIES
IN AMERICA.THE PRESIDENT'S SCATHING
DENUNCIATION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.

The feature of the President's Message to Congress is its scathing denunciation of plots and conspiracies.

President Wilson does not accuse the Germans explicitly, though he obviously refers to Teutonic outages and declares that grave as the country's differences have been with other nations, he was sorry to say that the gravest threats against peace and safety had been uttered within their own borders. He blushed to admit that there are in the United States citizens, born under other flags, but fully naturalized, who sought to bring the authority and good name of the government into contempt and to destroy industries for vindictive purposes.

The Government had made no preparation for such a contingency; they would have been ashamed to do so.

But the ugly and incredible thing had come about and he demanded that the Federal laws should crush out such disloyalty and anarchy.

The President emphasized that it was America's duty to remain neutral, so that some part of the great family of nations should keep the processes of peace alive, if only to prevent economic ruin and breakdown throughout the world.

He concluded by upholding the Monroe doctrine, and quoted the example of Mexico as a test case. He laid great stress on the necessity for an adequate mercantile marine, and the purchase and construction by the Government of vessels to develop the trade overseas, and between the American continents.

FURTHER ACTION BY THE
AUTHORITIES.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

The Government has subpoenaed several witnesses to appear before the Federal Grand Jury in New York to testify to the activities of the so-called "National" Police Council which is stated to have carried on the campaign for placing an embargo on the export of munitions, and other proposals evidently inspired by Germany.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.

Five additional indictments have been returned against five other Germans, charging them with conspiracy to commit murder and assault.

These men were previously charged with conspiracy to destroy ships. A Hungarian and an Austrian have now been arrested. Explosives were found in their rooms.

It is understood that the authorities are considering an investigation of the conduct of the North-German Lloyd, following the Hamburg-America line revolutions.

The State Department has received another inquiry through the United States Ambassador at Berlin, on the subject of the reasons for its request for the withdrawal of Captain Boyed and von Papen.

It is learned officially that the United States Government will decline to discuss the question of fact, and refuse to disclose the sources of its information.

GERMAN MISCHIEF MAKERS IN
MEXICO.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

Count Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, has issued a denial of the reports that German official agents were concerned in attempts to stir up the revolution in Mexico.

ACCIDENT TO SIR SAMUEL
EVANS.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

Sir Samuel Evans, President of the Probate, Divorce and Admiralty Court, was knocked down by a motor-bus on leaving the Courts, and one of his legs was broken.

Sir Samuel Evans has recently been extremely busy on Prize Court work.

This accident, like many others, was due to the darkened streets.

STORMS ON BRITISH COAST.

SIX VESSELS WRECKED.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

Storms have prevailed over Great Britain for two days.

Six vessels have been wrecked on the East Coast. There were many exciting rescues, but fifteen lives were lost.

WESTERN FRONT.

GERMANY'S NEW EFFORT
IN BELGIUM.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

There has been much speculation in Holland regarding the veil of secrecy which has been recently shrouding Germany.

Newspapers and correspondence have not been received for several days. It is now reported that troops and guns have been pouring into Belgium mostly at night-time. It is believed that troops of the new formations are replacing large forces recently withdrawn from the French front.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY IN ARTOIS.

PARIS, Dec. 7.

A communique states:—There has been artillery activity in Artois, around Loos and Souchez, and also between the Somme and the Oise. Our batteries shelled convoys of troops moving behind the German front. The war was a severe cannonade in Champagne and Argonne.

A communique states that a cannonade took place in Champagne and a local fight round a French advance post at Saint Souplet.

BALKAN CAMPAIGN.

IMPENDING GERMAN ATTACK
IN MACEDONIA.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

A telegram from Rotterdam states that information received from Berlin indicates that General Gallwitz's German army of which no mention has been made in the papers for some weeks has been reorganized and reinforced with a view to attacking the allies in Macedonia.

GREECE AND THE ENTENTE.

ATHENS, Dec. 6.

Colonel Pallas, of the Greek General Staff, has been sent to Salonika, specially to confer with the military authorities of the Entente Powers and to report in detail to the Government their desiderata.

RECRUITING IN SOUTH AFRICA.

SUCCESSFUL BEYOND THE BEST
EXPECTATIONS.

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 7.

General Smuts, in a splendid statement to the Assembly, stated that a fortnight's recruiting had been successful beyond the best expectations, enabling the Union to despatch the necessary forces to East Africa and also reinforcements. He hoped that in a very short time the East African campaign would have a result similar to that achieved in the South-west—(loud cheers).

The House endorsed the Government's policy without a division.

NEW ZEALAND'S AVAILABLE
FIGHTING FORCE.

WELLINGTON, Dec. 6.

The National Register shows that 100,000 men have volunteered to fight.

The Premier (Mr. Hon. W. Massey) considers the result as being highly satisfactory.

THE DOYES-OR JAYS-IN
"FORD'S ARK."

LONDON, Dec. 7.

The company which Mr. Ford, the American motor-car manufacturer, is taking on a Peace Mission to Germany has sent a wireless message affirming that they are determined to enter Germany and are confident that the Germans will bow before the Dove of Peace.

ANOTHER SUSPICIOUS FIRE ON
A STEAMER.

HALIFAX, Dec. 7.

A fire was discovered on Saturday on board the steamer "Carleton" bound from New York to Queens-town with a cargo of sugar.

The Captain proceeded to Halifax and reported the matter to the Admiralty.

A GERM DESTROYER.

THERE is no danger whatever from a lost or wrecked German submarine. It is promptly destroyed. It is an anti-aircraft and destroys the germs which cause these diseases. It also causes wounds to heal without maturation and in one third the time required by the usual treatment. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

A GENEROUS M.P.

COMPELLED TO SEEK RE-ELEC-
TION.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

Colonel Hall-Walker, M.P., in consequence of his recent gift of his racing stud to the nation, is compelled to seek re-election for Widdow.

ANOTHER BYE-ELECTION.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

Mr. Herbert Samuel, is also seeking re-election for Cleveland on his appointment as Chancellor to the Wacky of Lancaster. He is being opposed by Mr. Reginald Knight who advocates a "Business Government" and condemns the restrictions placed on drink.

Mr. Samuel, in a speech to the electors last night, said a contest in ordinary times would be a nuisance, but in time of war it was an outrage. Certain gentlemen had plunged the constituency into the turmoil of election because they thought 3½ hours daily insufficient to drink. It was the most sordid incident of the war that had occurred up to the present.

(Havas Service.)

FRENCH RENTES.

PARIS, Dec. 6.

French stock now stands at 64.50.

CHINESE TELEGRAM.

(Wah Tse Yat Po's Service.)

THE SHANGHAI OUTBREAK.

THREE ARRESTS.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 8.

Three rebels, natives of Canton, were arrested by the police as they were leaving the cruiser "Shiu-wo," and they have confessed that they were incited by Chen Chi Mei (who was Tutuh in Shanghai during the Second Revolution).

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

TRENCH BOMBARDMENTS AND
AIR RAIDS.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

Field Marshal Sir John French has telegraphed that there was an air raid on the 2nd against Don station. An ammunition store was blown up, the railway was hit, and fires were afterwards observed in Don. The machines returned safely, although several hostile machines were engaged.

Our artillery has continued to bombard the enemy trenches with satisfactory results. The weather is wet and stormy.

As a retaliation for hostile shelling, we bombarded trenches south of Epinette on the 2nd, making many gaps in the parapets, and blowing up a bomb store. The enemy's artillery was active on the 3rd, but our fire checked him. The enemy's parapets were again breached and the wire was cut in several places on the 4th and the 5th. Mining activity continues on both sides.

A gully in which the enemy was working was destroyed near Freling-hon. The enemy replied, wrecking twenty-five yards of our trenches.

AMERICA'S BIG BUDGET.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

Congress has opened. The total of appropriations demanded is 1,285,850 thousand dollars, which is over \$170,000,000 in excess of the appropriations for 1914. The increase is mainly due to the Administration's plans for naval and military preparedness.

UNITED STATES AND THE
"LUSITANIA" CRIME.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

A number of New York papers, headed by the Tribune, are urging the Republicans at Congress to demand that President Wilson shall suspend relations with Germany till the Lusitania crime has been disavowed.

FIVE HOURS' STRUGGLE WITH
A SUBMARINE.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

The Press Bureau announces that the steamer Japanese Prince, with a large crew and a considerable number of passengers, recently encountered a German submarine. The vessel struggled for five and a half hours to get clear, being shelled for the greater part of the time. The Captain stood pluckily to his post, and finally eluded the submarine, and brought the vessel safely to port. The Captain was awarded 2,500 sterling, and a similar amount has been divided among the crew.

ALLIES FIRST WAR COUNCIL.

PARIS, Dec. 7.

The Allies' first War Council was held yesterday, being presided over by General Joffre. British, Italian, Russian, Serbian and Belgian representatives were present.

THE DARDANELLES.

GREAT ARTILLERY ACTIVITY.

PARIS, Dec. 7.

There was great artillery activity on both sides of the Dardanelles on the 4th. Our aeroplanes also bombed Turkish camps.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

The British India steamer *Arnis* is reported sunk. Forty-nine survivors have been landed. Five officers and forty-seven lascars are missing.

"NOTHING TO REPORT."

PARIS, Dec. 7, 4.10 p.m.

A communique states:—There is nothing to report.

OBITUARY.

SIR R. D. MEHTA.

LONDON, Dec. 7.

Presiding at a meeting at the Carlton Hall, at which a resolution of regret at the loss of Sir R. D. Mehta, proposed by Lord Harris, was carried unanimously, the Aga Khan paid a high tribute to the work of the deceased for Bombay and India. He described him as "the Chamberlain of India" and the "unconquered King of Bombay" and said that his career, like that of the Hon. G. K. Gokhale, was a splendid example for young India.

The Aga Khan also paid a tribute to the deceased's firm hold, amid all mutations of the need for maintaining the British connection as an essential condition of the march to Indian nationhood and ultimate self-government within the Empire. Nobody could fight more strenuously in defence of Indian interests, and none realised more clearly that progress was best promoted by co-operation with the Raj whenever possible. His career, like that of the Hon. G. K. Gokhale, taught that the youth who ranged himself on the side of the extremist was doing the greatest disservice to his country and contributing to put back the clock of progress.

Another great lesson in his life was the need for local patriotism. He would be remembered for generations as the devoted son of the city of his birth. His remarkable ascendancy, for more than a generation, in the Bombay Corporation, rested ultimately on the solid foundation of love for Bombay and his determination in everything to seek its welfare and progress. The Aga Khan regretted that there was a lack of this spirit among many Indian youths trained here, and who were prematurely ambitious to shine in the political firmament. Consequently much fine material for Indian advancement was run to waste. Nothing could be finer and better for the young Indian patriot than to carefully study and to take to heart the life-long principles and practices of those of India's greatest and soundest sons: Sir R. D. Mehta, the Hon. G. K. Gokhale, and Baddrudin Tyabjee.

Lord Harris paid a tribute to Sir R. D. Mehta's fairness as a fighter, his eloquence, and devotion to the public weal, and his fearless advocacy of the rights of his fellow countrymen.

THE SECRET CONSISTORY.

LONDON, Dec. 6.

The Pope said that the way to secure peace was that which had already been satisfactorily tried in similar circumstances, namely, to exchange ideas based on goodwill and calm deliberation. Both sides must make concessions with good grace and even at cost and sacrifice, as a continuation of bloodshed would mean the beginning of Europe's decadence. The Pope stressed by complaining that his liberty was shackled, declaring that several representatives to the Vatican had been compelled to leave Italy.

It is semi-officially declared in Rome that the Pope's remarks are based on untrue information, because the Austro-German representatives to the Vatican left of their own accord, despite explicit assurances that the Italian Government was safeguarding their privileges.

THE GREEK SITUATION.

STRIVING TO REACH AN
UNDERSTANDING.

ATHENS, Dec. 7.

It is announced that the latest communications made by the *Enosis* diplomatists to the Government regarding Macedonian and military questions, contain the bases of an understanding. The Government proposes to despatch *Enosis* and Greek military commissions to Salonika to formulate the respective demands, and to discuss the situation on the spot.

TYPHOON WARNINGS.

The following telegrams were received at the American Consulate General from the Manila Observatory:—

8 p.m. December 7.
Cyclone or typhoon south of Manila, over or near southern Luzon, moving W. or W.N.W.

10 a.m. December 8.
Cyclone or typhoon west of Manila, more than 100 miles distant moving W.N.W.

THE "MISHIMA MARU" OFIUM
CASE.

Europeans Charged.

Before Mr. Hasland at the Magistracy this afternoon, Edmund Walter Eliokath, 31, merchant, "of England"; Ethel Roadin, 37, widow, of New York, and Madame Emich Deleaire, 33, "of France," all passengers on the s.s. "Mishima Maru," were charged on remand with aiding and abetting the unlawful importation into the Colony on board the "Mishima Maru," of 374 pounds of loose opium, and further with unlawfully having the same in their possession.

Mr. T. H. King, Deputy Superintendent of Police, prosecutor, and Mr. F. C. Jenkin, instructed by Mr. Mason, defended.

Mr. King said he should like to substitute a charge under section 47, dealing with opium not being on the manifest, for the second count of "possession." The object of the substitution was to save any discussion as to whether it was loose or prepared opium.

Mr. Jenkin said he had no objection. He should, however, like to see a copy of the charge.

Chow Chow, a coolie employed by the male defendant to carry his baggage up to the promenade deck, said that on December 1, he saw defendant on the ship with Detective Sergeant Pinnett. Defendant told him to bring some baggage up from the baggage room. He took one box (produced) up on deck to where Sergeant Pinnett and Mr. King were. The first defendant told him to take it there. There was no label on the box. He recognised the Chinese detective 398. He recognised the morning but did not go any further. He saw him on the ship. He showed him some labels on the baggage-room door, like those produced. They were then in small pieces. The constable picked them up. This was after he had brought the box up, and the police had asked him where the label was.

Cross-examined, witness said he was not in the habit of doing such work. He identified the one box from the others in Court because he carried it. He had seen the eight boxes twice. The constable had not had a chat with him about the boxes and the case.

Witness, invited by Mr. Jenkin to point out the difference between the box he identified and those of a similar nature, said he identified it by the label being off. (Chinese constable 398 said he saw two boxes brought up on deck, like two of those in Court. He identified another box which he saw the previous witness taking up. He went down with the coolie to look for the label of the last box. He identified the labels produced.)

Detective Sergeant Pinnett gave evidence of boarding the "Mishima Maru" on her arrival. He sent for the male defendant who was in a cabin by himself. He told the power to get up the hold baggage of the second and third defendants. Four trunks were brought on deck. The three contained raw opium. He went with the male defendant to his cabin and searched his cabin baggage. No opium was found. He went with him to three trunks on the deck bearing the second defendant's name. Witness asked the three defendants for their keys of these boxes. Two were unlocked by the first defendant's keys, and the third by one of the second defendant's keys.

The boxes were opened in the presence of Mr. King, the first defendant, and the Chinese constable. The fourth box was then up, but he could get no key to fit it, and it had to be forced open at the Water Police Station. No name was on that box, which also contained raw opium. The next morning he had four other boxes taken from the baggage room. One bore the name of the second defendant and three of the third. Three were opened by the first defendant's keys, and one by the second defendant's keys. They contained raw opium. A key which unlocked the first defendant's cabin trunk also unlocked one of the boxes.

The case was adjourned.

To-day's Advertisements

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF
HONGKONG.

COMPANIES' (Winding-up).

In the Matter of THE COMPANIES'
ORDINANCE, 1911.

AND

In the Matter of THE YUEN ON
TRADING EXCHANGE LOAN
AND GODOWN COMPANY
LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition for the winding-up of the above named Company subject to the supervision of the Supreme Court of Hongkong, was on the 8th day of October, 1915 presented to the said Court by the said Company and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the said Court sitting at his Supreme Court House, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, on the 20th day of December, 1915, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and any Creditor or Contributory of the said Company desirous to support or oppose the making of an order of the said Court may appear at the time of hearing by his Counsel or himself for that purpose and a copy of the Petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the Under-signed on payment of the required charge for the same.

Dated this 22nd day of November, 1915.
J. H. GARDINER,
Petitioner's Solicitor,
Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong.

Note.—Any person who intends to appear on the hearing of the said Petition must serve or send by post to the above named Petitioner or their Solicitor notice in writing of his intention so to do. The notice must state the name and address of the person or if a firm the name and address of the firm or their Solicitor (if any) and must be served or posted, must be sent by post, in sufficient time to reach the above-named Petitioner or their Solicitor not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon on the 17th day of December, 1915.

1050
(Continued on page 8.)

BALSAMIC

COUGH LINCTUS

The mild and soothing influence which this preparation has, classifies it among the most valuable of its kind, in cases of Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Shortness of Breathing or Difficulty of Expectoration; and while it removes the accumulation of phlegm, from its Tonic and Astringent virtues it prevents its formation, and allays irritation of the membrane of the throat and chest, rendering these delicate parts less susceptible of future irritation and disease.

\$1.00 and \$1.50 per bottle.

QUEEN'S DISPENSARY.

HARPER & Co., Ltd.

TEL. 439.

31, Queen's Road Central.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE
ENGINEER TAILORS
IN THE COLONY.

Diss Bros.

No. 2, WYNDHAM ST.
(Shang-hai Street)
ESTABLISHED 1860.

THE HANDY BOAT FOR MACAO.

THE S.S. "OHUEN CHOW"

THE ONLY BOAT LEAVING AT 3 P.M. EVERY DAY.

Back again by noon on the following day.

SUNDAY—Leaves Macao 1.30 P.M. Arrives Hongkong about 5 P.M.

FARES:—First Class \$2 Single; \$3 Return (Saloon);
First Class \$1 " \$1.50 " (Saloon) for Chinese
Second Class 60 cts. Single; \$1 Return

Electric Fan; throughout. First Class Attention, Ample Saloons and Cabin Accommodation.
Passengers may sleep on board without additional charge on return voyage only.

THE EASTERN ASBESTOS CO.

Sole Agents for

THE GANDY BELT

MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

Seacombe, Cheshire, England.

Large Stocks of "Gandy" Belting and Belt Fasteners.

4 QUEEN'S BUILDING,
HONGKONG.Telegrams "Corrugated"
Telephone No. 561.

THE LANCET SAYS.

D. C. L.

MALT EXTRACT.

Possesses all the satis-

factory Characters of a Malt

Extract that is concentrated

with Care, and with a due

regard to the requirements

that it is destined to fulfil.



THE DISTILLERS COMPANY LTD, EDINBURGH,

Price per 1 lb. Jar - - - \$0.80

2 lb. Jar - - - \$1.50

SOLE AGENTS:

Gande, Price & Co., Ltd.

Queen's Road Central,

Tel No. 135

HONGKONG

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

MARSEILLES & LONDON

COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, &c.
THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK

Steamer	Leaves	Arrives	Steamer	Leaves	Arrives
Yokohama	1915	1916	Yokohama	1915	1916
Dec. 4	NAMUR	Dec. 12	Dec. 18	MOOLTAN	Jan. 15
Dec. 18	NANKIN	Dec. 26	Dec. 30	MALAJA	Jan. 29
Jan. 2	NOVARA	Jan. 10	Jan. 14	ARABIA	Feb. 19
Jan. 16	KASHMIR	Jan. 24	Jan. 28	KARNATA	Feb. 26
Jan. 30	SARDINIA	Feb. 7	Feb. 11	KHAYBER	Mar. 11
Feb. 13	NAMUR	Feb. 20	Feb. 24	MEDINA	Mar. 25
Feb. 27	NANKIN	Mar. 6	Mar. 10	MONGOLIA	Apr. 8
Mar. 12	NANKIN	Mar. 20	Mar. 24	MONGOLIA	Apr. 15
Mar. 26	MALTA	Apr. 3	Apr. 7	MOOLTAN	May 8

Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO.
Accommodation in the connecting Steamers from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of booking.

FARES TO LONDON AND MARSEILLES

1st SALOON	2nd SALOON	3rd SALOON	4th SALOON
Accommodation	Accommodation	Accommodation	Accommodation
SINGLE	SINGLE	SINGLE	SINGLE
RETURN	RETURN	RETURN	RETURN
1st SALOON	2nd SALOON	3rd SALOON	4th SALOON
2nd SALOON	3rd SALOON	4th SALOON	5th SALOON

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE MAIL STEAMERS
INTERMEDIATE (NON-TRANSHIPMENT) STEAMERS
WILL LEAVE FOR

LONDON

CARRYING 1st and 2nd SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES

Steamer	Leaves	Arrives	Steamer	Leaves	Arrives
Nellore	Jan. 17	Jan. 27	Mongara	Jan. 31	Feb. 10
Mongara	Jan. 31	Feb. 10	Nore	Feb. 23	Mar. 9
Nore	Feb. 23	Mar. 9	Nagoya	Apr. 10	Apr. 20

These Steamers call also at PORT SWETENHAM, PENANG, and COLOMBO.
1st SALOON SINGLE: £28 RETURN
2nd SALOON SINGLE: £24 RETURN

FARES TO MARSEILLES:
1st SALOON SINGLE: £24 RETURN
2nd SALOON SINGLE: £20 RETURN

ALL Passenger Steamers are fitted with the Marconi System of Wireless Telegraphy.
Owing to the War in Europe Steamers and Sailing dates are liable to be cancelled
altered without notice.

For further particulars apply to

E. V. D. PARR,

For Superintendent.

CHINA MAIL S. S. CO., LTD.

OPERATING

S.S. "CHINA" 10,200 TONS,

Between HONGKONG and SAN FRANCISCO

via NAGASAKI.

The Popular Trans-Pacific Line "CHINA" will leave Hongkong on or about
4th December, 1915, for NAGASAKI and thence DIRECT to SAN FRANCISCO,
offering special facilities for quick service across the Pacific.

For full information regarding freight and passage apply to—
O. H. RITTER,

AGENT,

PRINCE'S BUILDINGS,

100 House Street.

Hongkong, Nov. 24, 1915.

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA,
DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE
TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN
AFRICAN LINE.

FROM HONGKONG: Connecting with...
24th December. S.S. "KATHIAWAR" 17th January.

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION FOR 1st and 2nd CLASS PASSENGERS.

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to BEIRA,
DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE
TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route and affording the Quickest Freight
Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

S.S. "SILANIS" from Hongkong 25th January, 1916.
First Class Accommodation for Passengers, fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.
For Rates of Freight and passage apply to

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED.

MANAGING AGENTS.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(Ellerman & Bucknall Steamship Co., Ltd.)

JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS

TO

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

For STEAMERS: S.S. "KIOTO" On 18th December.
Subject to change without notice.
For rates of freight and further information, apply to

THE BANK LINE LTD.

General Agents.

P. & Co., Canton.

STRAITS RUBBER COMPANIES.

SHARE QUOTATIONS.

(Issued by Messrs Lysal and Ewart,

Exchange and Share Brokers, Singapore

November 27th).

(Quotations for these are only nominal.)

Nom. Value. Divs. Shares.

2-1 Alagar 1/10 2/1

2-1 Anglo-Java 8/3 9/8

2-1 Anglo-Malay 10/ 11/6

2-1 Ayer Kuning 10/ 11/6

2-1 Bukit Malaka 10/ 11/6

2-1 Bukit Timah 10/ 11/6

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BANKS

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI

BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL... \$15,000,000

RESERVE FUND... \$15,000,000

REVENUE... \$15,000,000

PROFIT... \$15,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Hon. Mr. D. Landale—Chairman.

W. L. Patterson, Esq.—Deputy Chairman.

S. H. Dodwell, Esq. P. H. Holyoak, Esq.

G. T. M. Edlin, Esq. J. A. Plummer, Esq.

C. S. Gubbay, Esq. Hon. Mr. E. Shellin.

CHIEF MANAGER:

Hongkong—N. J. STARR.

MANAGER:

Shanghai—A. G. STEPHEN.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON COUNTY AND

WESTMINSTER BANK, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Account at the rate of Two

per cent. per annum on the daily balance

On Fixed Deposits:

For 3 months 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.

" 6 " 4 " " " "

" 12 " 5 " " " "

N. J. STARR,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, Nov. 30, 1914.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE business of the above Bank is conducted

by the HONGKONG AND

SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Rates may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed on

the minimum monthly balances at

3 1/2 PER CENT. per annum. Depositors

may transfer at their option balances of

\$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND

SHANGHAI BANK, to be placed on

FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 PER CENT. per

annum.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai

Banking Corporation.

N. J. STARR,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, May 14, 1914.

THE ORIENTAL BANK OF INDIA

AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1853.

HEAD OFFICE, LONDON.

PAID-UP CAPITAL... £1,800,000

RESERVE FUND... £1,800,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PRO-

PRIETORS... £1,800,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General

Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or

shorter periods at rates which will be quoted

on application.

W. M. DICKSON,

Manager.

Hongkong, July 10, 1914.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF

INDIA, LIMITED.

Authorized Capital... £1,500,000

Subscribed... £1,125,000

Paid-up... £625,000

Reserve Fund... £500,000

BANKERS,

BANK OF ENGLAND,

London Joint Stock Bank, Limited.

Every description of Exchange business

transacted.

INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts

at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily

Balance and on Fixed Deposits at rates

which may be ascertained on application.

C. CHAMPKIN,

Acting Manager.

Hongkong, Sept. 4, 1915.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

OUT

Kowloon 6.40 7.00 7.20 7.40 8.00 8.20 8.40 9.00 9.20 9.40 10.00 10.20 10.40 11.00 11.20 11.40 12.00 12.20 12.40 1.00 1.20 1.40 2.00 2.20 2.40 3.00 3.20 3.40 4.00 4.20 4.40 5.00 5.20 5.40 6.00 6.20 6.40 7.00 7.20 7.40 8.00 8.20 8.40 9.00 9.20 9.40 10.00 10.20 10.40 11.00 11.20 11.40 12.00 12.20 12.40 1.00

EXCHANGE

HONGKONG, December 8, 1915.	
On London—	
Bank Wire	1/11 1/2
„ On demand,	1/11 1/2
„ 30 days sight—	1/11 1/2
„ 4 months' sight	1/11 1/2
Credit, 1 month's sight,	1/11 1/2
Documentary, 4 months' sight 2.	
On Paris—	
On demand,	289
Credit, 4 months' sight,	279 1/2
On Berlin—	
On demand,	
On New York—	
On demand,	423
Credit, 60 days' sight,	
On Bombay—	
Wire,	
On demand,	143
On Calcutta—	
Wire,	
On demand—	145
On Singapore—	
On demand	85 1/2
On Manila—	
On demand,	89 1/2
On Shanghai—	
On demand	143
30 days' sight (private paper),	
On Yokohama—	
On demand,	80 1/2
Gold Leaf, 100 fine (per taal)	57.70
Silver (per oz.)	26 1/2
Bar Silver in Hongkong—	84 1/2 p. m.
Chinese Copper Cash	2 1/2
Chinese Copper—Cash	2 1/2
Bar Silver Interest	13 1/2 p. m.
Chinese Sub. Coin	13 1/2 p. m.
Hongkong Sub. Coin	10 1/2 p. m.

strong, moderating.

<p>4—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: The same as No. 1.</p>	
<p>SHARE LIST</p>	
<p>DECEMBER</p>	
<p>OFFICIAL MONTHLY</p>	
<p><i>Shells.</i></p>	<p><i>No.</i> <i>SA.</i></p>
<p>BANKS.</p>	
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Corp.	150
<p>MARINE INSURANCES.</p>	
Canton Insurance Office Ltd.....	10
North-China Insurance Co., Ltd.	10
Union Insurance Society, Ltd. ...	1
Yangtze Insurance Assoc. Ltd.	12
<p>FIRE INSURANCE.</p>	
China Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.	80
Hongkong Fire Insur. Co., Ltd.	80
<p>DOCKS, &c.</p>	
H'kong & W'pca Dock Co., Ltd.	80
Shanghai Dock & Rep. Co., Ltd.	80
New Engineering & S. B. Works Ltd.	12

Hongkong Central Estate Ltd. 1
Hongkong Land Reclamation Co. Ltd. 1

	Hongkong Land Investment & Agency Company, Limited	50
	Hongkong Central Estate Ltd.	1
	Hongkong Land Reclamation Co. Ltd.	1
	Shai Loon Investment Co., Ltd.	71
	Kowloon Land & Building Co.	
	Guthrie's Estate & Finance Co.	15
	West Point Building Co., Ltd.	1
	TRAMWAYS.	
	The Peak Tramways Co., Ltd.	2
	Hongkong Tramway Co., Ltd.	35
	MUNICI.	
	Hongkong Municipal Council Ltd.	1

Trench Mines, Limited 1
 Rush Aus. Cold Mining Co., Ltd. 2
HOTELS, ETC.
 Hongkong Hotel Company, Ltd.
DISPENSARIES.
 A. S. Watson & Co., Limited
LIGHTING.
 Hongkong Electric Co., Limited.. [
COTTONS MILLS.
 S'hai Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd. 4
 Keng Yik Cotton S. & W. Co., Ltd. 10
 International Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd. 10

Ewo Cotton Spinning & Weaving
Company Limited

Two Cotton Spinning & Weaving Company Limited	
MERCANTILES.	
Green Island Cement Co., Ltd.	40
Union Waterboat Co. Limited	1
Hongkong Dairy Farm Company..	
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited ..	
H.K. Roro Marufactory Co., Ltd. ..	
Maatschappij tot Wijn, Bosten- Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat ..	25
China Provident Loan Company, Co., Limited	20
China Homeer Company, Limited ..	6
Wm. Powell, Limited	
South China Morning Post	

Steam Laundry Co., Limited

43	Steam Laundry Co., Limited	5
40	LOAN	AMOUNT
	Chinese Imperial 18367	Tls. 787.20
be & &	Printed and published for THE CHINESE 5, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.	

1990